


Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: CC50
Material Number	: 05547318
Chemical family	: Inorganic Metal oxide.
Identified uses	: Inorganic pigment
Supplier/Manufacturer	: LANXESS Corporation Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs 111 RIDC Park West Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15275-1112 USA
	For information: US/Canada (800) LANXESS International +1 412 809 1000
In case of emergency	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 International (703) 527-3887 Lanxess Emergency Phone (800) 410-3063.

Section 2. Hazards identification

HAZCOM Standard Status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Physical state	: Powder.
Color	: Brown.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Hazard pictograms	: 
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.
Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)	: None known.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
calcium carbonate	19 - 25%	1317-65-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Use fingers to ensure that eyelids are separated and that the eye is being irrigated.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration, or oxygen by a trained professional, using a pocket type respirator.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation. May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
- Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to Silica, Quartz can cause a very serious lung disease called Silicosis with cough, shortness of breath, and changes in chest x-ray.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling.
- Inhalation** : The symptoms of silicosis may include: Shortness of breath, coughing, wheezing, fatigue, chest pain, loss of appetite and fever.
May cause respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose.
- Skin contact** : Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling.
- Ingestion** : May cause irritation; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Potential chronic health effects

Section 4. First aid measures

Long-term exposure to high concentrations of dust containing iron oxide can cause a benign condition termed "pulmonary siderosis". This condition is not associated with any physical impairment of lung function. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Excessive exposure to airborne crystalline silica can cause fibrotic lung damage, with scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. This is called "Silicosis". This is generally a slowly developing fibrotic disease as symptoms are usually delayed for 10 years or more. Symptoms are dyspnea, chest pain, breathlessness, and cough. The chronic lung scarring developed from the silica dust causes a progressive massive fibrosis. This may lead to increased susceptibility to tuberculosis.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No special measures required.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Put on appropriate personal protection equipment. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
calcium carbonate	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protection

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection : The following respirator is recommended if airborne concentrations exceed the appropriate standard/guideline. NIOSH approved, air-purifying particulate respirator with N-95 filters.

Skin protection : Permeation resistant clothing and foot protection. Permeation resistant gloves.

Eye/face protection : Protective goggles with side shield or tightly fitting protective goggles.

Medical Surveillance : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]
Color	: Brown.
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: 4 to 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]
Boiling point	: Not available.
Melting point	: >1000°C (>1832°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Explosion limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Specific gravity (Relative density)	: 4 to 5
Bulk density	: 300 to 1000 kg/m ³
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: acids, ammonium salts, fluorine, mercury, hydrogen
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to Silica, Quartz can cause a very serious lung disease called Silicosis with cough, shortness of breath, and changes in chest x-ray.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling.
Inhalation	: The symptoms of silicosis may include: Shortness of breath, coughing, wheezing, fatigue, chest pain, loss of appetite and fever. May cause respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose.
Skin contact	: Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : May cause irritation; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Potential chronic health effects

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

General : Long-term exposure to high concentrations of dust containing iron oxide can cause a benign condition termed "pulmonary siderosis". This condition is not associated with any physical impairment of lung function. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Excessive exposure to airborne crystalline silica can cause fibrotic lung damage, with scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. This is called "Silicosis". This is generally a slowly developing fibrotic disease as symptoms are usually delayed for 10 years or more. Symptoms are dyspnea, chest pain, breathlessness, and cough. The chronic lung scarring developed from the silica dust causes a progressive massive fibrosis. This may lead to increased susceptibility to tuberculosis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
calcium carbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : calcium carbonate:Moderate irritant

Eyes : calcium carbonate:Severe irritant

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	CAS #	IARC	NTP	OSHA
calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	Not classified.	Not classified.	Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
calcium carbonate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value (Acute Toxicity Estimates)
Not available.	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
calcium carbonate	-	Acute EC50 >200 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 56000 mg/l	Fish - Gambusia affinis	48 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal state, provincial and or local environmental controls laws.

RCRA classification : If discarded in its purchased form, this product would not be a hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste. (40 CFR 261.20-24)

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	-	-	-	-		Not regulated.
IMDG Class	-	-	-	-		Not regulated.
IATA-DGR Class	-	-	-	-		Not regulated.

PG* : Packing group

RQ : 0 lbs

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 311/312 : Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances : None

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals : None

US EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302) : None

State regulations

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections on the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>State Code</u>	<u>Concentration (%)</u>
Iron (III) Oxide	1309-37-1	MA - S, NJ - HS, PA - RTK HS	41 - 47%
calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	MA - S, NJ - HS, PA - RTK HS	19 - 25%
C.I. Pigment Yellow 42	51274-00-1		31 - 37%

Massachusetts Substances: MA - S

Massachusetts Extraordinary Hazardous Substances: MA - Extra HS

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: NJ - HS

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: PA - RTK HS

Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances: PA - Special HS

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Potential exposure to some or all of the California Proposition 65 chemicals in this product have been determined to be below the No Significant Risk Level (NSRL)

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>Concentration (%)</u>	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>
Crystalline Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	< 0.1%	Yes	

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act : Listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System	Health	2
	Flammability	1
	Physical hazards	0

0=Insignificant 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=High 4=Extreme
*=Chronic

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



0= Minimal 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=Serious 4=Severe

LANXESS' method of hazard communication is comprised of Product Labels and Safety Data Sheets. HMIS and NFPA ratings are provided by LANXESS as a customer service.

Section 16. Other information

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Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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